## Materials Progression Map Year 1

| Previous Year: Reception |
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| - Use all their senses in hands-on |
| exploration of natural materials. |
| Explore collections of materials with |
| similar and/or different properties. |
| Talk about the differences between |
| materials and changes |
| they notice. |

## Learning Values:

- respect
- responsible
- resourceful
- resilient
-risk taker


## Possible stimulus to teach:

Somebody Swallowed Stanley by Sarah Roberts \& Hannah Peck

Not a Stick by Antoinette Portis
The Adventures of a Plastic Bottle: A Story About Recycling by Alison Inches

- Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.
- Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.
- Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.
- Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.


## How can the learning be applied?

-Classify objects made of one material in different ways e.g. a group of object made of metal.

- Classify in different ways one type of object made from a range of materials e.g. a collection of spoons made of different materials.
- Classify materials based on their properties.
-Test the properties of objects e.g. absorbency of cloths, strength of party hats made of different papers, stiffness of paper plates, waterproofness of shelters


## Next Year: Year 2

- Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.
- Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.


## Key learning for the topic:

All objects are made of one or more materials. Some objects can be made from different materials e.g. plastic, metal or wooden spoons.

Materials can be described by their properties e.g. shiny, stretchy, rough etc. Some materials e.g. plastic can be in different forms with very different properties.

Key Vocabulary for Materials Year 1
> object,
$>$ material,
$>$ wood,
> plastic,
$>$ glass,
$>$ metal,
$>$ water,
$>$ rock,
> brick,
> paper,
> Rabric,
> elastic,
$\Rightarrow$ Soil,
> card/cardboard,
$>$ rubber,
$>$ wool,
$>$ clay,
> hard,
$>$ soft,
$>$ stretchy,
$>$ stiff,
$>$ bendy,
> Sloppy,
> waterproof,
$>$ absorbent,
> breaks/tears,
$>$ rough,
$>$ smooth,
$>$ shiny,
$>$ dull,
$>$ see-through,
> not see-through

