



Activities Covered by this Assessment	Schools Operation during COVID 19 Step 4 Based on Governme	nt guidance July 2021
Site Address / Location	St Cuthbert's C.E Primary School	Department / Service / Team

It is a legal requirement that schools review and update their risk assessments (building on the learning to date and the practices they have already developed), to consider the removal of restrictions and control measures in line with the roadmap out of the pandemic. Settings should also review and update their wider risk assessments and consider the need for relevant revised controls in respect of their conventional risk profile considering the implications of coronavirus (COVID-19). Schools should ensure that they implement sensible and proportionate control measures which follow the health and safety hierarchy of controls to reduce the risk to the lowest reasonably practicable level.

Schools may wish to retain previous versions of risk assessments as the DfE have indicated that schools may be asked to reinstate controls in the event of a local outbreak. These reinstatements are envisaged to be of short duration but may mean that there are frequent changes required. All reinstatements should be on the advice of public health (PH) and schools should tailor any risk assessment reviews to PH advice.

This risk assessment template is designed to address the Covid19 controls during the normal day to day operation of a school.

Operational guidance. Please refer to:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/schools-covid-19-operational-guidance

If due to staff absence it is necessary to merge classes, please ensure the fire occupancy of classrooms are not exceeded.

Schools should continue to:

- Exercise good hand hygiene.
- Exercise good respiratory hygiene, catch it, bin it, kill it principles.
- Use 'enhanced cleaning' regimes, particularly on frequently touched surfaces (minimum twice a day is suggested).
- Maintain good ventilation in occupied parts of the school, balancing ventilation with thermal comfort.
- Use PPE where appropriate to their setting or activity (link).

St Cuthbert's C of Primary School The Chase, Great Glen, Leicester LES 9EQ Tel: 0116 2592764

SCHOOLS COVID RISK ASSESSMENT



https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection#exempt

Primary Schools:

In primary schools, we recommend that face coverings should be worn by staff and adults (including visitors) when moving around in corridors and communal areas. Health advice continues to be that children in primary schools should not be asked to wear face coverings.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/face-coverings-when-to-wear-one-and-how-to-make-your-own/face-coverings-when-to-wear-one-and-how-to-make-your-own

Outbreak Management:

Updated guidance produced in January 2022

PPE:

Face coverings are not classified as PPE (personal protective equipment). PPE is used in a limited number of settings to protect wearers against hazards and risks, such as surgical masks or respirators used in medical and industrial settings. A face covering is a covering of any type which covers your nose and mouth.

Additional PPE for coronavirus (COVID-19) is only required in a very limited number of scenarios, for example, when:

- a pupil becomes ill with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, and only then if a 1+ metre distance cannot be maintained
- performing aerosol generating procedures (AGPs)

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe-in-education-childcare-and-childcare-and-childcare-and-childcare-sectings-including-for-aerosol-generating-procedure#contents





When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only any PPE that would be routinely worn, should be worn. The guidance on safe working in education, childcare and children's social care provides more information about preventing and controlling infection. This includes:

- when and how PPE should be used
- what type of PPE to use
- how to source it

Safe working in education, childcare and children's social care settings, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) Guidance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/schools-covid-19-operational-guidance

Hazard (Something with a	Who might be		Existing Controls	F	tial R Ratin (S x L	g	Further Controls Required	F	nal Ri Ratin S x L	g	Acti	on Requir	ed
potential to cause harm)	Harmed & How?		(Consider Hierarchy of Control)	Severity	Likelihood	Risk Rating	(Consider Hierarchy of Control)	Severity	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Who (Initial)	Date By: (/)	Done ?
Coming into contact with individuals who are unwell	Staff, pupils, visitors and contractors. Reduced infection	•	Staff, pupils, visitors and contractors do not come into the school if they have COVID19 symptoms. Anyone developing COVID19	M	М	M	Follow advice from PH	L	M	L	JH	Sept 21	





control which	symptoms is sent home.		concerning return to	
may result in	 Persons who have symptoms will 		school.	
spread of	isolate for 7 days and can return to			
COVID19	school following 2 negative lateral		All Covid cases recorded	
001.02	flow tests taken 24 hours apart. The		and reported	
	first lateral flow test should not be			
	taken before the 6 th day.		Staff received double	
			vaccination	
	NOTE: Self isolation should not end			
	if the person has a high			
	temperature see this link for further			
	information:			
	https://www.gov.uk/government/p			
	ublications/covid-19-stay-at-home-			
	guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-			
	for-households-with-possible-			
	coronavirus-covid-19-infection			
	 Individuals are not required to self- 			
	isolate if they live in the same			
	household as someone with COVID-			
	19, or are a close contact of			
	someone with COVID-19, and any of			
	the following apply:			
	 they are fully vaccinated 			
	 they are below the age of 18 			
	years and 6 months			
	 they have taken part in or are 			
	currently part of an approved			
	COVID-19 vaccine trial			
	 they are not able to get 			





		 vaccinated for medical reasons Instead, they will be contacted by NHS Test and Trace, informed they have been in close contact with a positive case and advised to take an LFT test for 7 days. Staff who do not need to isolate, and children and young people aged under 18 years 6 months who usually attend school, and have been identified as a close contact, should continue to attend school as normal. They do not need to wear a face covering within the school 										
Lateral Flow and PCR Testing	Staff, Volunteers and visitors	 Lateral Flow testing to resume for staff twice weekly during the Autumn term 2021 Testing is voluntary informed consent has been given by the appropriate person Staff to continue to report outcome of Lateral flow tests to Headteacher Staff to confirm any positive Lateral Flow test with a PCR test to the Headteacher. Positive PCR result should: inform their setting/place of work immediately 	М	M	М	 Staff received double vaccination All Covid cases recorded and reported 	L	L	L	JH	Sept 21	





		- follow stay at home guidance - self-isolate for at least 10 days (from the day they first became ill - return to school only if no symptoms other than cough/sense of smell/taste - If they still have a temperature they should continue to self-isolate until temperature returns to normal School to follow reporting guidance set out by the LA and DFE										
A pupil shows symptoms of COVID19 whilst in school	Staff, pupils, visitors and contractors. Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 A pupil awaiting to be collected, is moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door (depending on the age and needs of the pupil) with appropriate adult supervision if required. Windows are opened for ventilation. PPE is worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if a distance of 1+ metres cannot be maintained. The area around the pupil with symptoms is cleaned and disinfected after they have left. (See cleaning hazard) Everyone washes their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with 	M	M	М	 Staff received double vaccination All Covid cases recorded and reported 	L	М	L	JH	Sept 21	





			someone who is unwell.										
Visitors to site	Staff, pupils, parents/guardian, visitors and contractors. Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	•	Visitors to site should be kept to a minimum, appointments preferred so that: Visitors are asked if they have any symptoms of COVID19 or have had contact with anyone who has symptoms of COVID19, before they arrive on site. Visitors asked to hand wash / hand sanitize on the way into the building.	M	M	M	Visiting professionals such as Ed Psychs and speech therapists who visit several schools and may be working 1-1 with children, or with small groups, can wear a medical grade face mask while in school and be offered a face visor if they want one.	М	L	L	JH	Sept 21	
Use of public transport/school buses	Staff, pupils, parents/guardian, visitors and contractors. Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	•	Pupils and staff are encouraged to cycle or walk to work. Communicate information to parents and staff where appropriate. pupils clean their hands before boarding transport and again on disembarking. Additional cleaning of vehicles is put in place, touch points in school owned buses / minibuses are cleaned after each journey. Fresh air (from outside the vehicle) through ventilation, is maximised through opening windows and ceiling vents. Pupils have been informed not to	L	М	-		L	L	L L	JH	Sept 21	





		board home to school transport if they, or a member of their household, has had a positive test result or has symptoms of coronavirus (COVID19).										
Arrival at school	Staff, Pupils, Parents/Families Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 Direct access to classrooms is used e.g. via fire exits All pupils can begin entering the school at 8:50am, arriving through their individual classroom door. All children aim to be in school by 9am with 9:10am doors closing. Children in Year 5 and 6 encouraged to arrive without an adult 	М	ι	L	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures and are able to confidently and correctly inform parents SLT available to monitor playground and other outside spaces 	М	L	L	JH	Sept 21	
Departure from school	Staff, Pupils, Parents/Families Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 Children will be dismissed through their individual classroom door. All classes finish at 3:30pm Parents encouraged to collect EYFS, year 1/2 children first then move to collect older children Children in Year 5 and 6 encouraged to walk home without an adult 	М	L	L	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures and are able to confidently and correctly inform parents SLT available to monitor playground 	М	L	L	JH	Sept 21	





Break times	Staff, Pupils, Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 Children will be grouped as year groups while playing outside. Year groups allocated areas outside Two break time slots 10:30am and 10:45am 	L	L	L	and other outside spaces Break time routines in place to reduce accidents and keep behaviour incidents at current low level. Children can be mixed across the school if needed. Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures	L	L	L	JH	Sept 21	
Lunch times	Staff, Pupils, Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 Children will be grouped as year groups while playing outside and seated in the hall. Year groups allocated areas outside Tables to be wiped down between year groups All children eating in the hall Adults to collect trays and cutlery, plates to avoid children moving around particularly in EYFS and years 1-3 Hand cleaning facilities to be available upon entering and leaving dining hall. 	L	L	L	Lunch time routines in place to reduce accidents and keep behaviour incidents at current low level. Children can be mixed across the school if needed. Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures	L	L	L	JH	Sept 21	
Collective worship	Staff, Pupils, Reduced infection control which	 Assemblies can resume. Children to sit in rows facing forwards 	M	L	L	Staff received double vaccinationTeacher day to ensure	M	L	L	JH	Sept 21	





	may result in spread of COVID19	 Doors to be opened to reduce touch point use. Children to sanitise hands on returning to classrooms. Staff and children have the option of wearing a mask while in the hall. 				all staff are clear about procedures						
In classrooms and other teaching spaces- All year groups	Staff, Pupils, volunteers Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 When sharing equipment (iPads/laptops/ musical instruments, hand washing reduces transmission risks. Pupils remain in the same classroom where possible. Where this is not possible due to focussed lessons e.g ICT, music, PE, collective worship children will wash/anti- bac hands Teacher or member of staff supervises toilet and cloakroom usage and inform cleaning staff of any cleanliness issues. Adult to supervise and spray area after their class. Staff to wipe tables at lunchtime and at the end of the day 	M	L	L	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures Anti-bac spray available to spray shared equipment 	L	L	L	JH	Sept 21	
Poor Hand Hygiene	Reduced infection control which may result in	Pupils and staff to wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds on arrival at school, before	M	L	L	 Posters to remain visible at sinks throughout the school 	L	L	L	JH	Sept 21	





	spread of COVID19	• 1	eating and after breaks. Soap dispensers are checked and topped up daily if required. Hand sanitiser available throughout the school. Use of alcohol hand sanitiser to only be administered by an adult. No sanitiser to be left unattended to reduce the risk of ingestion especially around younger children.				and toilet areas						
Poor Respiratory Hygiene	Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	• L	Tissues provided in every classroom. Lidded bins provided in all classrooms and in communal areas. Relay the "catch it, kill it, bin it" approach to all staff and pupils.	М	L	L	 Posters to remain visible around the school and in classrooms 	L	L	L			
Airborne Transmission in Communal Areas	Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	• \ t	Primary school staff to wear face coverings in communal areas if they choose too. Visitors and contractors are advised to wear face coverings in communal areas and classrooms. Please see the ventilation section.										
Carrying out 1 st aid	First Aider Person being treated by the first aider. (Carrying out 1st aid may require the 1+mtr social		A first aider should not be administering first aid treatment to a person who has the symptoms of COVID-19 unless life threatening condition and using St John's ambulance guidance (link at end of document). Isolation care can be given.	M	M	М	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures 	М	L	L	JH	Sept 21	



distancing rule to be broken) This activity requires the 1+mtr social distancing rule to be broken. This could lead to either person involved in becoming infected with COVID-19 through close contact with an asymptomatic carrier, transmitting the	their hands with waterproof		
could lead to	and water before donning gloves.		
becoming	Latex gloves will be avoided to remove the risk of allergic reaction.		
COVID-19 through	their hands with waterproof		
carrier,	room		
virus through bodily fluids or	their fingers in their mouth and touching their face.		
respiratory droplets entering	 The first aider will avoid touching any part of a dressing that will come in contact with a wound. 		
the persons eyes, nose or mouth.	 The first aider will wear goggles (if the person requiring first aid is showing signs of COVID19) 		
The First aider may have an	conforming BSEN 166.1b.3 to prevent bodily fluids being splashed into the eyes.		





	<u> </u>				
allergic reaction	A fluid-resistant surgical face mask				
to latex gloves.	will be worn by the first aider, if the				
	person is presenting with COVID19				
	symptoms. The surgical masks used				
	conform to BS EN 14683:2019 Type				
	IIR.				
	After each first aid treatment is				
	given all equipment and surfaces,				
	including goggles and visor used will				
	be cleaned down using a detergent				
	solution. This is followed by				
	disinfection using a solution that				
	contains 1000 parts per million				
	(1000 ppm av.cl.). The goggles and				
	visor are rinsed with clean water				
	after being disinfected to remove				
	any chemical residue.				
	 After using the face masks, aprons 				
	and gloves they will be correctly				
	doffed and placed straight into a				
	bag and the bags tied.				
	 NHS hand washing posters have 				
	been installed above sinks to give				
	information on good hand washing				
	techniques.				
	Face masks and gloves will only be				
	_ ,				
	used for 1 treatment of first aid				
	they will not be used to treat a				
	second person requiring first aid.				
	First aiders have been given				





		 information on how to correctly don and doff their PPE. No food will be stored or eaten in the first aid area. After first aid treatment is given and cleaning has been completed the first aider will wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds before commencing any further work. There is a dedicated area for first 							
		 aid that will be used solely for first aid treatment to help prevent bodily fluids contaminating other parts of the building. The first aid area is well ventilated at all times. 							
Incorrect Use of Face Coverings	Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	 Face coverings will cover the nose and mouth Hands will be washed thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before pupils put a face covering on Pupils and staff to avoid touching the part of the face covering in contact with your mouth and nose, 	M	M	М				





	as it could be contaminated with the			
,	virus			
•	The face covering will be changed if			
	it becomes damp or it has been			
	touched			
•	Pupils and staff will avoid taking it			
	off and putting it back on a lot in			
	quick succession			
•	Pupils and staff instructed to only			
	handle the straps, ties or clips			
•	Pupils and staff will wash their			
	hands thoroughly with soap and			
,	water for 20 seconds or use hand			
	sanitiser before removing			
•	Pupils and staff will wash their			
	hands thoroughly with soap and			
,	water for 20 seconds or use hand			
	sanitiser once removed			
•	Pupils and staff will not give theirs			
	to someone else to use			
• :	Supervision will be given to ensure			
	infection control procedures are			
	followed.			
•	Face coverings will not be put onto			
	tables to prevent cross			
	contamination			
•	Disposable face coverings will be put			
	into a lidded bin after use			
SOL	JRCE:			





		cation wear- own/f	ww.gov.uk/government/publins/face-coverings-when-to-one-and-how-to-make-your-face-coverings-when-to-wear-nd-how-to-make-your-own											
Intimate care	Staff, pupil	 intimathorous provide and we use all soap at the christian and the continus are they here. 	ren, young people and nts whose care routinely dy involves the use of PPE due eir intimate care needs will nue to receive their care in the way, using the same PPE as nave always done for this task. PE may include:	M	M	M	•	Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures	M	l	L	JH	Sept 21	





		•	If contact with the unwell child or young person is necessary, then nitrile disposable gloves, a disposable apron and a fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn. The room is well ventilated at all times.										
Insufficient Cleaning	Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	•	A detailed cleaning schedule will be implemented throughout the site, ensuring that contact points, e.g. worksurfaces, door handles, taps etc. are all thoroughly cleaned and disinfected regularly. A record of each cleaning / disinfecting activity is recorded to include what has been cleaned, by who, when and how. Hard surfaces are cleaned with standard detergent prior to disinfecting. Hard surfaces to be cleaned with soap and water prior to disinfecting. Disinfecting should be performed	Δ	М	M	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures 	М	L	L	JH	Sept 21	





	using either a combined detergent						
	disinfectant solution at a dilution of						
	1000 parts per million (ppm)						
	available chlorine (av.cl.) or a						
	household detergent followed by a						
	disinfectant solution at a dilution of						
	1000 parts per million (ppm)						
	available chlorine (av.cl.) the						
	googles and visor will be rinsed with						
	clean water after being disinfected.						
•	Extra attention is to be given to						
	frequently touched areas and						
	surfaces, e.g. doors, toilets, door						
	handles, phones, light switches and						
	door fobs, etc. at least twice a day						
	with one of those times being either						
	at the start or end of the day. Refer						
	to the school's cleaning risk						
	management matrix for further						
	details.						
	NOTE: The school's cleaning risk						
	management matrix should align						
	with the schools cleaning plan and						
	cleaning record.						
•	Hand towels and hand wash are to						
	be checked and replaced as needed						
	by the Premises Officer and						
	cleaning staff.						
•	Enhance the cleaning regimes for						
	toilet facilities, particularly door						
	handles, locks and the toilet flush,						





Poor Ventilation	Staff, pupils,	 etc. Only cleaning products supplied by the school are to be used. Staff are told not to bring cleaning products from home. Please refer to the school's COSHH risk assessments for further control measures in relation to cleaning chemicals used. PPE required for cleaning will be noted in the outcome of the COSHH risk assessments conducted for cleaning chemicals used. Bin liners are used in all bins and bins are emptied into the external waste bin/skip regularly. Lidded bins are in place Random monitoring spot checks are made by the SLT to confirm cleaning activities are being completed. This will be formally documented on the cleaning record. Mop buckets are emptied after use and mops are hung to dry after use. Cleaning equipment is colour coded for each area e.g.: Toilets – Red Corridors – Green Kitchen - Blue Mechanical systems have been 				CO2 monitors to check air						
/ Lack of	visitors,	adjusted to provide full fresh air in	M	L	L	quality in poorly ventilated	L	L	L	JH	Sept 21	





	T						
Ventilation	contractors.	rooms: in Year 5 and 6 and EYFS		rooms. When the monitor			
				indicates open windows and			
The arrest of	Reduced infection	 Natural ventilation is provided by 		doors till monitor returns to			
Thermal	control which	opening windows. In cooler		normal.(Year 5 &6 building			
Discomfort in		weather windows will be opened					
colder months	may result in	just enough to provide constant		and EYFS)			
	spread of	background ventilation.					
	COVID19.	-		Fire doors propped open-			
		 Windows will be opened more fully 		gates are locked at			
	COVID-19	during breaks to purge the air in the		appropriate times			
	transmitting	space.		a principal control			
		·		School staff are vigilant			
	through	 Parents have been informed that 		School stail are vigilalit			
	mechanical	the uniform policy has been relaxed					
	ventilation ducts	to allow for pupils to wear warm					
	that link between	clothing such as a jumper or jacket					
	rooms.	in colder months.					
		Advice to inform the control					
		measures for mechanical ventilation					
		systems has been sought from the					
		school's HVAC engineer					
		3 3 3 3 3					
		Natural ventilation is provided by					
		opening external doors where this					
		would not create a safeguarding					
		and/or fire risk.					
		and/or me nak.					
		Furniture has been re-arranged					
		where possible to avoid direct					
		drafts. This may prove to be difficult					
		diaits. This may prove to be difficult					





		•	where class sizes are large. Heating will be used and adjusted as necessary in occupied spaces to help to ensure thermal comfort levels are maintained.									
Breakfast and after school clubs	Staff, pupils, parents/guardian, visitors and contractors. Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	•	Individual Covid risk assessments should be available for activities taking place out of school hours. This should contain controls to reduce the spread of COVID19 and be consistent with step 4 guidance for the activity being undertaken e.g. music clubs, grassroots sport	М	L	-	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures 	L	L	L		
Residential visits / off-site visits	Staff, pupils, parents/guardian/ public/volunteers Reduced infection control which may result in spread of COVID19	•	A COVID risk assessment will be created for each off-site visit. Any educational visits will be conducted in line with relevant COVID-19 guidance and regulations in place at that time both domestically and internationally. OEAP and government guidance will be followed during the visits and will be used to help develop risk assessments for the visits.	M	М	М	 Staff received double vaccination Teacher day to ensure all staff are clear about procedures 	L	L	L		
School Lettings	Premises, Staff, pupils,		 Persons should not attend if feeling unwell or showing any defined symptoms including 	M	М	M		М	L	L		





community	new continuous cough or					
groups	temperature. The letting will					
	take place after the end of the					
	school day. There will be					
	sufficient time between the end					
	of school day and the letting for					
	staff to be clear of the building.					
	 The lettings will be managed by 					
	the School Business Manager.					
	Insurance and agreements will					
	be in place. A copy of the					
	group's public liability insurance					
	will be kept.					
	 The lettings group will be 					
	responsible for cleaning before					
	and after the letting of the					
	space.					
	The lettings group will share a					
	copy of their risk assessment					
	and the School will share a copy					
	of this risk assessment.					

To add more rows to the risk assessment, place the cursor within the last row right click and select insert row below.



Source:



Sources:
Air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak
https://www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/equipment-and-machinery/air-conditioning-and-ventilation.htm
Contacts: UKHSA health protection teams
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/contacts-phe-health-protection-teams
Source NHS:
https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/check-if-you-have-coronavirus-symptoms/
COVID-19: cleaning in non-healthcare settings:
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings/covid-19-decontaminatio
St. John Ambulance Covid-19: advice for first aiders:
https://www.sia.org.uk/get-advice/first-aid-advice/covid-19-advice-for-first-aiders/





	Jenny Hawkins		DHankins	
Risk Assessor (s) Name(s):		Risk Assessor(s) Signature (S):		
Authorised By:		Authoriser Signature:		Initial
Date Conducted:	23 rd August 2021	Date of Next Review:	23 rd September 2021	JH
	23 rd September 2021	Date of Review:	January 2022	JH
	6 th January 2022	Date of Review:	April 22	JH
		Date of Review:		
		Date of Review:		



	If you have symptoms/ feel unwell or have taken a lateral flow and it is positive = Obtain a PCR test											
Day of		How to use LF	T tests to end isolation	on before 10 days								
Day 0			Self-isolation start	s								
	This is the day your	symptoms start OR wi		 lateral flow and it is po	sitive but you have no							
		syr	nptoms – obtain a PC	R test								
Day 1			Self-isolation									
Day 2												
Day 3												
Day 4			↓									
Day 5			•									
Day 6			Take Lateral Flow Te	est								
	Negative			Positive								
	Continue to isolate	Continue	to isolate and take a	nother lateral flow test	t 24 hours later							
	and take another lateral flow test 24											
	hours later											
Day 7	Take Lateral Flow Test	Take Lateral Flow		Take Lateral Flow	Test							
		Test		n - tit -								
	Negative Your self-isolation has	Negative Continue to isolate	Continue to inclute	Positive	ral flow test 24 hours later							
	ended. You can return	and take another	Continue to isolate	and take another late	rai flow test 24 flours later							
	to work/school	lateral flow test 24										
		hours later										
Day 8		Take Lateral Flow	Take Lateral Flow Test	Take Lat	eral Flow Test							
		Test Negative	Negative	P	ositive							
		Your self-isolation	Continue to	-	and take another lateral							
		has ended. You can	isolate and take		est 24 hours							
		return to	another lateral									
		work/school	flow test 24 hours									
		(unless you have a high temperature)	later									
Day 9			Take Lateral Flow	Take Lateral Flow	Take Lateral Flow Test							
			Test Negative	Test Negative	Positive							
			Your self-isolation	Continue to isolate	Continue to isolate until							
			has ended. You	and take another	23.59pm when your							
			can return to	lateral flow test 24	isolation period ends							
			work/school (unless you have a	hours later								
			high temperature)									
Day 10				Take Lateral Flow Test								
				Negative								
				Your self-isolation								
				has ended. You can								
				return to								
				work/school (unless you have a high								
				temperature)								





Potential Severity of Harm	High Death, long term serious ill health.	Medium	High	High
	Medium Illness requiring further medical assistance.	Low	Medium	High
	Low Mild illness requiring self-isolation only	Low	Low	Medium
		Low The event is unlikely to happen.	Medium It is fairly likely to happen.	High It is likely to happen.
			Likelihood of Harm Occurring	

Risk Rating Definitions				
Low	monitoring occurs in order to ensure that no changes / deviation of control measures occur. It is advised that further controls are implemented to reduce the risk rating to as low a level as possible. If the risk cannot be reduced to lower than a			
Medium				
This is an unacceptable risk rating. Urgent interim controls should be implemented to reduce the risk so far as is reasonably practicable. If the risk rating cannot be reduced to lower than a High , then a documented safe system of work should be implemented to control the activity. It may be necessary to seek further professional advice. Serious considerations should be given to the validity of carrying out the activity at all. Regular monitoring of the activity should occur.				